Term	Theme	Intended Knowledge Acquisition
Autumn Term	Place Value	By the end of this module, students should • Understand place value in integers • Understand place value in decimals, including headings in fractional, exponent and word format. • Be able to multiply and divide by powers of 10. • Understand place value in the context of measure. • Order and compare numbers using <, >, =, ≠
	Properties of Numbers	By the end of this module, students should • Understand multiples
	Numbers	Understand integer exponents and roots Understand and use the unique prime factorisation of a number By the end of this module, students should
	Arithmetic	 Understand the mathematical structures that underpin addition & subtraction of positive and negative integers. Generalise and fluently use written addition and subtraction strategies, including columnar
	Procedures	formats, with decimals.
	with Integers & Decimals	Understand the mathematical structures that underpin multiplication & division of positive and negative integers. Generalise and fluently use written multiplication and division strategies to calculate accurately
		 with decimals. Use the laws and conventions of arithmetic to calculate efficiently. Use the commutative, associative and distributive laws to flexibly and efficiently solve problems.
Spring Term	Expressions & Equations	By the end of this module, students should • Understand and use the conventions and vocabulary of algebra, including forming and interpreting algebraic expressions and equations
		Understand that a letter can be used to represent a generalised number Understand that algebraic notation follows particular conventions and that following these aids clear communication
		 Know the meaning of and identify: term, coefficient, factor, product, expression, formula and equation Understand and recognise that a letter can used to represent a specific unknown value or a
		variable • Understand that relationships can be generalised using algebraic statements • Understand that substituting particular values into a generalised algebraic statement gives a sense of how the value of the expression changes.
		 Simplify algebraic expressions by collecting like terms to maintain equivalence. Manipulate algebraic expressions using the distributive law to maintain equivalence
	Coordinates & Graphs	By the end of this module, students should • Describe and plot coordinates, including non-integer values, in all four quadrants • Solve a range of problems involving coordinates
		 Know that a set of coordinates, constructed according to a mathematical rule, can be represented algebraically and graphically* Understand that a graphical representation shows all of the points (within a range) that satisfy a relationship
Summer Term	Perimeter & Area	By the end of this module, students should • Understand the concept of perimeter and use it in a range of problem-solving situations • Use the properties of a range of polygons to deduce their perimeters • Understand the concept of area and use it in a range of problem solving situations • Understand that the areas of composite shapes can be found in different ways
		Derive and use the formula for the area of a trapezium* By the end of this module, students should
	Arithmetic Procedures involving Fractions	Work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions Understand that a fraction represents a division and that performing that division results in an equivalent decimal
		Understand the process of simplifying fractions through dividing both numerator and denominator by common factors
		 Compare and order positive and negative integers, decimals and fractions Understand the mathematical structures that underpin the multiplication and division of fractions Know, understand and use fluently a range of calculation strategies for addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of fractions
	Understanding Multiplicative Relationships	By the end of this module, students should • Understand the concept of multiplicative relationships • Understand that multiplicative relationships can be represented in a number of ways and connect
		 and move between those different representations Understand that fractions are an example of a multiplicative relationship and apply this understanding to a range of contexts
	(Ratio &	Understand that ratios are an example of a multiplicative relationship and apply this understanding to a range of contexts
	Fractions)	• Understand the language and notation of ratio and use a ratio table to represent a multiplicative relationship and connect to other known representations